The State of Tennessee's Babies R





National Average

Where children are born can affect their chances for a strong start in life. Babies need good health, strong families, and positive early learning experiences to foster their healthy brain development and help them realize their full potential.

This state profile provides a snapshot of how infants, toddlers, and their families are faring in each of these three policy domains. Within each domain, view data for selected child, family, and policy indicators compared to national averages. The profile begins with a demographic description of the state's babies and families to offer the broadest context for exploring what may be very different experiences of the state's youngest children.

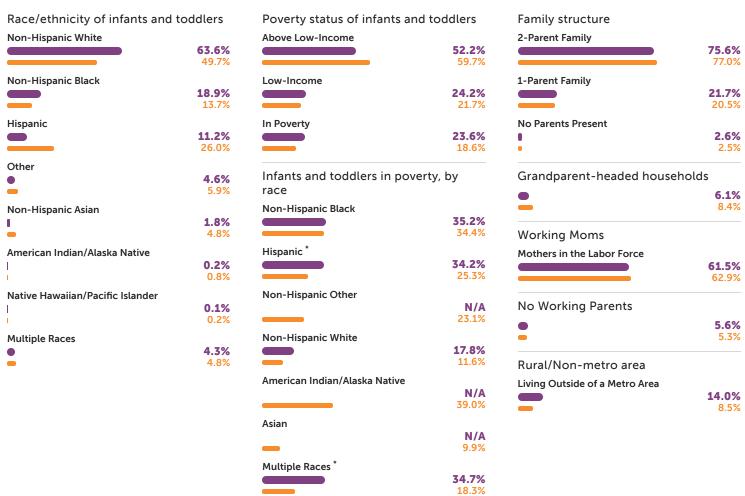
Demographics

Infants and toddlers in Tennessee

Tennessee is home to 242,190 babies, representing 3.6 percent of the state's population. As many as 47.8 percent live in households with incomes less than twice the federal poverty line (in 2019, about \$51,500 a year for a family of four), placing them at

economic disadvantage. The state's youngest children are diverse and are raised in a variety of family contexts and household structures.

Tennessee



^{*}Numbers are small; use caution in interpreting.

Note: N/A indicates Not Available

Good Health



National Avg

Max: 14.0%

Max: 84.0%

How are Tennessee's babies faring in Good Health?

Supporting babies' and mothers' physical and mental health provides the foundation for infants' lifelong physical, cognitive, emotional, and social well-being. Babies' brains grow rapidly in the first years of life, and, in these early years, the brain works with other organs and organ systems to set the stage for subsequent development and health outcomes. Equitable access to good nutrition during the prenatal period and first years of life is key to ensure that babies receive the nourishment and care they need for a strong start in life. Strengthening equitable access to integrated, affordable maternal, pediatric, and family health care is also essential to meeting babies' and families' health and developmental needs.

Key Indicators of Good Health

Tennessee falls in the Getting Started (G) tier for the Good Health domain. A state's ranking is based on indicators of maternal and child health, including health care coverage, prenatal care, birth outcomes, and receipt of recommended preventive care as well as food security, nutrition, and mental health. Tennessee performs better than national averages on key indicators, such as the percentages of uninsured babies in families with low income and babies receiving preventive dental care. The state is performing worse than national averages on indicators such as the infant mortality rate and the percentage of babies experiencing food insecurity.

Tennessee

10.0%

Received recommended vaccines

72.8%

70.8%

Min: 8.0%

Min: 62.0%

Uninsured low-income infants/toddlers Ever breastfed Infants breastfed at 6 months 81.2% 5.1% 83.6% 55.1% Min: 0.0% Max: 14.0% Min: 65.0% Max: 93.0% Min: 37.0% Max: 70.0% Mothers reporting less than optimal High weight-for-length[†] Late or no prenatal care received mental health 12.8% 6.2% 20.1% N/A 6.2% Min: 6.0% Max: 18.0% Min: 2.0% Max: 11.0% Min: 12.0% Max: 31.0% Preterm births[†] Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 Babies with low birthweight live births) 6.9 9.3% 11.1%

8.3%

Preventative dental care received

33.0%

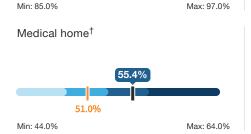
26.0%

Max: 12.0%

Max: 52.0%

Min: 6.0%

Min: 17.0%



91.1%

93.8%

5.7

Preventative medical care received

Min: 3.6

Good Health





| GC | ood Health Policy in Tennessee | | | | | |
|------|--|-----------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Med | dicaid expansion state | | | | No × | |
| Stat | State Medicaid policy for maternal depression screening in well-child visits Medicaid plan covers social-emotional screening for young children | | | Recommended Yes ✔ | | |
| Med | | | | | | |
| Med | dicaid plan covers IECMH services at home | | Yes ✓ Yes ✓ No × | | | |
| Med | dicaid plan covers IECMH services at pediatric/family medic | cine practices | | | | |
| Med | dicaid plan covers IECMH services in early childhood educa | tion settings | | | | |
| Pre | gnant workers protection [†] | | Limi | Limited coverage: State employees and private employees with exceptions | | |
| Pos | tpartum extension of Medicaid coverage [†] | | | No law beyond r | mandatory 60 days | |
| | nis indicator is not factored into the GROW tier rankings. te: N/A indicates Not Applicable | | | | | |
| All | Good Health Indicators for Tennesse | 2 | | State Indicator | National Avg | |
| R | Eligibility limit (% FPL) for pregnant women in Medicaid | 200 200 | 0 | Uninsured low-income infants/toddlers | 4.1% 5.1% | |
| G | Low or very low food security | 22.6% 13.7% | R | Infants ever breastfed | 81.2% 83.6% | |
| R | Infants breastfed at 6 months | 51.5% 55.1% | 0 | WIC coverage [†] | 80.2% 79.3% | |
| R | High weight-for-length [†] | 12.8% N/A | R | Late or no prenatal care received | 6.2% 6.2% | |
| 0 | Mothers reporting less than optimal mental health | 20.1% 20.3% | G | Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births) [†] | 6.9 5.7 | |
| G | Babies with low birthweight | 9.3% 8.3% | G | Preterm births [†] | 11.1% 10.0% | |
| 0 | Preventive medical care received | 93.8% 91.1% | G | Preventive dental care received | 26.0% 33.0% | |
| R | Received recommended vaccines | 70.8% 72.8% | 0 | Medical home [†] | 55.4% 51.0% | |

N/A

17.4

†This indicator is not factored into the GROW tier rankings. Note: N/A indicates Not Available.

Maternal mortality

Strong Families



National Avg

Max: 41.0%

How are Tennessee's babies faring in Strong Families?

Young children develop in the context of their families, where stability, safety, and supportive relationships nurture their growth. All families may benefit from parenting supports, but children and families of color face numerous challenges as a result of racism that impact their everyday life, which are exacerbated even more for children and families living in households with low income. Many policies can be designed to address these disparities by race, ethnicity, and income, including the provision of safe and stable housing, home visiting services, family-friendly employer policies, economic support for families with low income, and tax credits that benefit families with young children.

Max: 18.0%

Max: 24.6

Key Indicators of Strong Families

7.7%

Removed from home (per 1,000

Min: 2.0%

Min: 2.5

infants/toddlers)†

6.3

7.1

Tennessee falls in the Reaching Forward (R) tier of states when it comes to indicators of Strong Families. The state's ranking in this domain reflects indicators on which it is performing better than the national average, such as the percentages of babies living in crowded housing and parents who report being resilient. Tennessee is doing worse than the national average on indicators such as the percentages of babies who have had one or two or more adverse experiences.

Tennessee

18.7%

Min: 4.0%

Max: 41.2

TANF benefits receipt among families Housing instability Crowded housing in poverty 10.7% 23.1% 21.7% 2.6% 15.5% Min: 3.0% Max: 88.0% Min: 0.0% Max: 8.0% Min: 7.0% Max: 28.0% Family resilience 1 adverse childhood experience Unsafe neighborhoods 24.2% 85.3% 20.7% Min: 1.0% Max: 11.0% Min: 80.0% Max: 92.0% Min: 13.0% Max: 28.0% Infant/toddler maltreatment rate[†] 2+ adverse childhood experiences Time in out-of-home placement[†] 13.1 20.2%

16.4

Min: 2.0

Strong Families





| Strong Families Policy in Tennessee | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------|
| Paid family leave | | No 🗙 |
| Paid sick time that covers care for child | | No 🗙 |
| TANF Work Exemption [†] | | Yes ✓ |
| State Child Tax Credit [†] | | No 🗙 |
| State Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) [†] | | No 🗙 |
| †This indicator is not factored into the GROW tier rankings. Note: N/A indicates Not Applicable | | |
| All Strong Families Indicators for Tennessee | State Indicator | National Avg |
| | | |

| 0 | TANF benefits receipt among families in poverty | 23.1% 21.7% | R Housing instability | 2.1% 2.6% |
|---|---|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 0 | Crowded housing | 10.7% 15.5% | R Unsafe neighborhoods | 3.9% 4.9% |
| 0 | Family resilience | 88.4% 85.3% | G One adverse childhood experience | 24.2% 20.7% |
| R | Two or more adverse childhood experiences | 9.2% 7.7% | Infant/toddler maltreatment rate [†] | 13.1 16.4 |
| R | Out of home placements [†] | 20.2% 18.7% | Permanency Achieved: Reunified [†] | 32.3% 48.1% |
| G | Potential home visiting beneficiaries served | 0.8% 2.0% | Permanency Achieved: Relative [†] | 19.7% 7.8% |
| | Infants/toddlers exiting foster care to permanency [†] | 99.4% 98.8% | Permanency Achieved: Guardian [†] | 8.4% 8.3% |
| | Removed from home [†] | 6.3 7.1 | Permanency Achieved: Adoption [†] | 39.0% 34.6% |
| | | | | |

†This indicator is not factored into the GROW tier rankings.

Positive Early Learning Experiences



National Avg

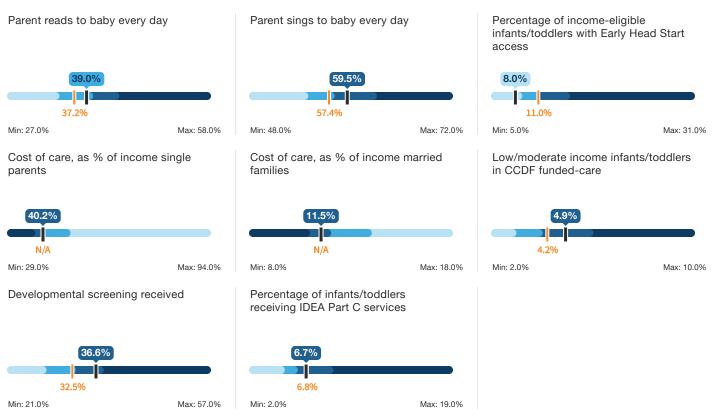
How are Tennessee's babies faring in Positive Early Learning Experiences?

Infants and toddlers learn through interactions with the significant adults in their lives and active exploration of enriching environments. The quality of infant and toddlers' early learning experiences at home and in other care settings can impact their cognitive and social-emotional development, as well as early literacy. High-quality early childhood care can strengthen parents' interactions with their children in the home learning environment and support parents' ability to go to work or attend school. Equitable access to high-quality care across factors like race, ethnicity, and income ensures all infants and toddlers have the opportunity for optimal development; however, disparities in access to high-quality care remain across many states and communities in the United States.

Tennessee scores in the Reaching Forward (R) tier for Positive Early Learning Experiences. The state's ranking in this domain reflects indicators on which it is performing better than the national average, such as the higher percentage of infants and toddlers who received a developmental screening. Tennessee is doing worse than the national average on indicators such as the lower percentage of infants and toddlers below 100 percent of the federal poverty line with access to Early Head Start. Infant care costs as a percentage of the state's median income for single and married parents also contribute to the ranking.

Tennessee

Key Indicators of Positive Early Learning Experiences



Positive Early Learning Experiences



N/A

Positive Early Learning Experiences Policy in Tennessee

| Infar | nt eligibility level for child care subsidy above 200% of FPL | | | Depends | on location |
|-------|---|--------------------|-----------------|--|---------------------|
| Allo | cated CCDBG funds [†] | | | | Yes 🗸 |
| Grou | up size requirements meet or exceed EHS standards [†] | | | 0 of 3 | age groups |
| Adu | It/child ratio requirements meet or exceed EHS standards [†] | | | 1 of 3 | age groups |
| Leve | el of teacher qualification required by the state [†] | | | No credential beyond a high scho | ool diploma |
| Infar | nt/toddler credential adopted [†] | | | | No 🗙 |
| Stat | e reimburses center based child care at/above 75th percenti | ile of market rate | s [†] | | No 🗙 |
| Stat | e includes "at-risk" children as eligible for IDEA Part C service | ces or reports tha | at they serve ' | ʻat-risk" children [†] | No 🗙 |
| Not | is indicator is not factored into the GROW tier rankings. e: N/A indicates Not Applicable Positive Early Learning Experiences In | dicators fo | or Tennes | State Indicator N | ational Avg |
| R | Parent reads to baby every day | 39.0% 37.2% | • | Parent sings to baby every day | 59.5% 57.4% |
| G | Percentage of income-eligible infants/toddlers with Early Head Start access | 8.0% 11.0% | 0 | Cost of care, as % of income married families | 11.5% N/A |
| 0 | Cost of care, as % of income single parents | 40.2% N/A | 0 | Low/moderate income infants/toddlers in CCDF funded- care | 4.9% 4.2% |
| 0 | Developmental screening received | 36.6% 32.5% | | Infants/toddlers with developmental delay [†] | 1.9% 1.1% |
| 0 | Percentage of infants/toddlers receiving IDEA Part C | 6.7% | 0 | Timeliness of Part C services [†] | 98.7% |

†This indicator is not factored into the GROW tier rankings. Note: N/A indicates Not Available.

6.8%